

# Puzzle of the Week

## *Fractions – 8*

**THE CHALLENGE:** Use the numbers 1 to 9 at most once each to fill in these boxes. Organize your answers by putting the fractions in increasing size of their denominators. Can you find more than one solution?

$$\frac{\square}{\square} + \frac{\square}{\square} + \frac{\square}{\square} = 1$$

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

**EXPLORATION:** Can you solve it if 1 is replaced by other numbers, such as 2 or 3? What happens if you insist that the number on the right side of the equation cannot be one of the numbers on the left side?

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## *Fractions – 8 – Notes*

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**THE CHALLENGE & EXPLORATION:** Here are the solutions for 1.

- $1/6 + 4/8 + 3/9 = 1$
- $1/4 + 3/6 + 2/8 = 1$
- $2/4 + 1/6 + 3/9 = 1$

Here are the 9 solutions for 2.

- $1/2 + 3/4 + 6/8 = 2$
- $1/2 + 7/6 + 3/9 = 2$
- $1/3 + 2/4 + 7/6 = 2$
- $1/3 + 7/6 + 4/8 = 2$
- $2/3 + 5/6 + 4/8 = 2$
- $1/4 + 9/6 + 2/8 = 2$
- $5/4 + 3/6 + 2/8 = 2$
- $2/4 + 7/6 + 3/9 = 2$
- $7/6 + 4/8 + 3/9 = 2$

Here are the 13 solutions for 3.

- $2/1 + 3/6 + 4/8 = 3$
- $2/1 + 4/6 + 3/9 = 3$
- $1/2 + 4/3 + 7/6 = 3$
- $1/2 + 6/3 + 4/8 = 3$
- $4/2 + 1/3 + 6/9 = 3$
- $1/2 + 8/4 + 3/6 = 3$
- $1/2 + 7/4 + 6/8 = 3$
- $5/2 + 1/6 + 3/9 = 3$
- $7/3 + 2/4 + 1/6 = 3$
- $1/3 + 8/4 + 6/9 = 3$
- $7/3 + 1/6 + 4/8 = 3$
- $5/4 + 9/6 + 2/8 = 3$
- $9/4 + 3/6 + 2/8 = 3$

If the number on the right cannot be one of the numbers on the left, these are the only solutions from the earlier ones that still work.

- $1/3 + 7/6 + 4/8 = 2$
- $7/6 + 4/8 + 3/9 = 2$
- $1/2 + 7/4 + 6/8 = 3$
- $5/4 + 9/6 + 2/8 = 3$