

# Puzzle of the Week

## *Letter Substitutions – 7*

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Rules:

1. A letter represents a digit from 0 to 9, and has the same value throughout a single puzzle.
2. No number can start with the digit 0.
3. Within a puzzle, different letters must have different values.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8 \\
 + A \\
 \hline
 B \ 2
 \end{array}
 \Rightarrow
 \begin{array}{r}
 8 \\
 + 4 \\
 \hline
 1 \ 2
 \end{array}$$

**THE CHALLENGE:** Find the value of A, B, C, D, E, F, K, L, and M in these puzzles.

$  \begin{array}{r}  A \ A \\  + \ C \ B \\  \hline  B \ B \ C  \end{array}  $	$  \begin{array}{r}  D \ D \\  + \ D \ E \\  \hline  F \ D \ F  \end{array}  $	$  \begin{array}{r}  K \ K \\  + \ K \ K \\  \hline  L \ L \ M  \end{array}  $
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**EXPLORATION:** Make some letter substitution puzzles for your friends to solve.

# Puzzle of the Week

## *Letter Substitutions – 7 – Notes*

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**THE CHALLENGE: AA + CB = BBC:** The carry must be 1, so  $B = 1$ .  $A + B = C$  becomes  $A + 1 = C$ , so  $C$  is one more than  $A$ .  $A + C = 11$  together with  $C = A + 1$  forces  $A = 5$  and  $C = 6$ .

The solution is:  $55 + 61 = 116$ .

**DD + DE = FDF:** The carry must be 1, so  $F = 1$ . Looking through the possibilities,  $D + D + (\text{possible carry}) = 1D$  has only one way of working out - we must have  $D = 9$  and the possible carry is a definite carry. Finally,  $D + E = 1F$  becomes  $9 + E = 11$  forces  $E = 2$ .

The solution is  $99 + 92 = 191$ .

**KK + KK = LLM:** Again, the carry must be 1, so  $L = 1$ . For  $K + K + (\text{possible carry}) = 11$ , we must have  $K = 5$  and the possible carry is a definite carry.  $5 + 5 = 1M$  forces  $M = 0$ .

The solution is:  $55 + 55 = 110$ .