



Whose Shape is this Anyway?

Math Concepts: Properties of shapes

Materials: Set of clue cards and maybe props

Players: Use small groups all the way up to the whole class

Set up: Have a set of clue cards for shapes to give to the actor(s). This can be a deck of cards, with one shape drawing on a card. If your students can read well enough, you can write the name of a shape on each card. Another option is to have a collection of shapes in a bucket to blindly reach into.

This can be done in a wide variety of configurations. The whole class can try to guess the shape as one student acts out a shape, the class can break into two halves to compete on who can guess five shapes the fastest, you can split into pairs, or pick your favorite configuration.

Have any allowed props readily available.

Play: Students are given shapes to act out and the other students guess which shape they are acting out. Once the actor has a shape, the person must act out the shape without making any sounds and without using their fingers. For example, if the shape is a triangle, the actor must make a triangle with some part of their body without making use of their fingers in any way to signal that it has three sides.

Goal: To guess the shapes as quickly as possible.

– DISCUSSION AND TIPS –

This is a fun game that teaches shapes and provides an active break between more serious activities.

– VARIATIONS –

Props: You will need to decide which props an actor is allowed to use. Can the ground be one of the sides of a shape? Can a stick or broom handle be one side? Can a jacket or other piece of clothing be used in some imaginative way?

More than One Person: Instead of having a single actor, two students can make the shape together.

Creating Cards: Instead of naming the shape on a card, write down properties of the shape. For example, for a rhombus you could write “four equal sides.” When this is played competitively, another option is to let each team make the cards for the other team to use.



